

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 - SECTION 192
(as amended by Section 10 of the Planning and Compensation Act 1991)**

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND)
ORDER 2010: ARTICLE 35**

Council Reference: D0342.25

CERTIFICATE OF LAWFULNESS OF PROPOSED USE OR DEVELOPMENT

The Council of the London Borough of Havering hereby certify that on 9th July 2025 the operations described in the First Schedule to this notice in respect of the land specified in the Second Schedule to this certificate and hatched on the plan attached to this certificate would have been lawful within the meaning of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) for the following reason(s):

- 1 The operations come within the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class A of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, thereby not requiring planning permission.
- 2 The operations come within the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class B of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, thereby not requiring planning permission.
- 3 The operations come within the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class C of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, thereby not requiring planning permission.

INFORMATIVES

Development is permitted by Class A subject to the following conditions-

- (a) the materials used in any exterior work (other than materials used in the construction of a conservatory) shall be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwellinghouse;
- (b) any upper-floor window located in a wall or roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse shall be-
- (i) obscure-glazed, and
 - (ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed; and
- (c) where the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse has more than one storey, the roof pitch of the enlarged part

shall, so far as practicable, be the same as the roof pitch of the original dwellinghouse.

The development is permitted by Class B subject to the following conditions-

(a) the materials used in any exterior work must be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwellinghouse;

(b) the enlargement must be constructed so that-

(i) other than in the case of a hip-to-gable enlargement or an enlargement which joins the original roof to the roof of a rear or side extension-

(aa) the eaves of the original roof are maintained or reinstated; and

(bb) the edge of the enlargement closest to the eaves of the original roof is, so far as practicable, not less than 0.2 metres from the eaves, measured along the roof slope from the outside edge of the eaves; and

(ii) other than in the case of an enlargement which joins the original roof to the roof of a rear or side extension, no part of the enlargement extends beyond the outside face of any external wall of the original dwellinghouse; and

(c) any window inserted on a wall or roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse must be-

(i) obscure-glazed, and

(ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed.

Development is permitted by Class C subject to the condition that any window located on a roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse shall be-

(a) obscure-glazed; and

(b) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed.

This certificate provides confirmation that the development is lawful. You should also check whether the development requires separate Building Regulation consent. Information is available on the Building Control webpages and the team is available between 9am and 10am Monday to Friday via 01708 432700.

This planning permission does not remove the need to obtain any separate consent of the owner of the adjoining property prior to commencing building works on, under, above or immediately adjacent to their property (e.g. foundations or guttering). The Party Wall Etc. Act 1996 contains requirements to serve notice on adjoining owners of property under certain circumstances, and a procedure exists for resolving disputes. This is a matter of civil law between the two parties, and the Local Planning Authority are not involved in such matters.

A free guide called "The Party Wall Etc Act 1996: Explanatory Booklet" is available on the website of the Department for Communities and Local Government.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-party-wall-etc-act-1996-revised-explanatory-booklet>

Schedule 1

Certificate of Lawfulness for a hip to gable loft conversion with rear dormer, front roof lights and single storey rear extension

The above decision is based on the details in drawing(s)

EDE01

EDE02

Schedule 2

38 Heron Way Upminster

Signed:



Authorised Person

On behalf of the London Borough of Havering

Date: 3rd September 2025

Notes:

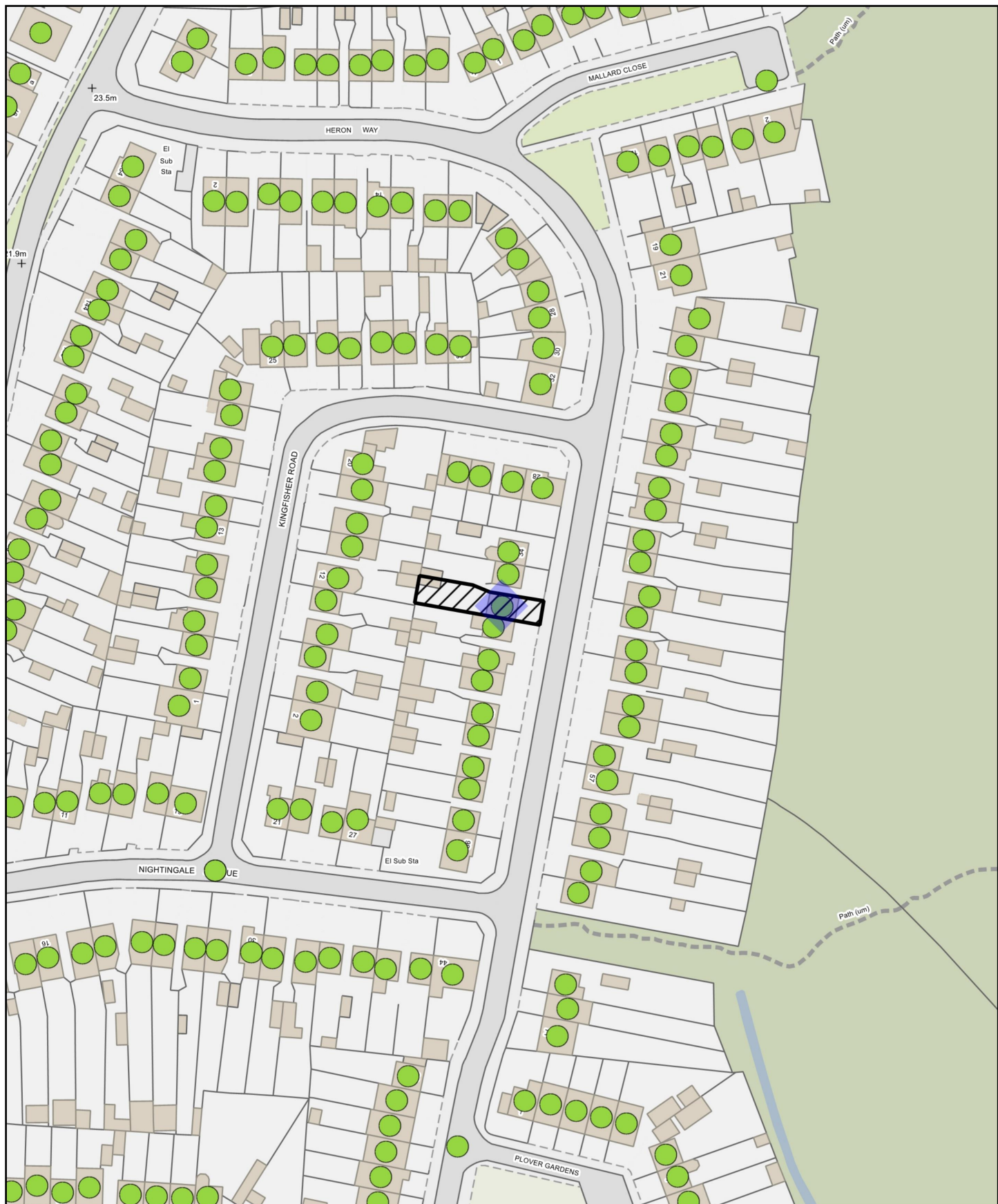
1. This certificate is issued solely for the purposes of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
2. It certifies that the operations specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land described in the Second Schedule would have been lawful on the specified date and thus would not have been liable to enforcement action under Section 172 of the 1990 Act on that date.
3. This certificate applies only to the extent of the operations described in the First Schedule and to the land specified in the Second Schedule and identified on the attached plan. Any operations which are materially different from those described or which relate(s) to other land may render the owner or occupier liable to enforcement action.
4. The effect of the certificate is also qualified by the proviso in Section 192(4) of the 1990 Act (as amended) which states that the lawfulness of a described use or operation is only conclusively presumed where there has been no material change before the use is instituted or the operation begun in any of the matters relevant to determining such lawfulness.

NOTES IN CONNECTION WITH REFUSAL OF APPLICATIONS FOR

CERTIFICATE OF LAWFULNESS OR MODIFICATION TO DESCRIPTION

- (1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or to modify the description, an appeal may be made to the First Secretary of State at the Department for Communities and Local Government in accordance with Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. (Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Planning Inspectorate, Customer Support Unit, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN or from the Planning Inspectorate's web site, www.planning.inspectorate.gov.uk)
- (2) When submitting the completed appeal form to the Planning Inspectorate, a copy be sent to Planning, London Borough of Havering, Town Hall, Main Road, Romford, RM1 3BB. The First Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but will not normally be prepared

to exercise these powers unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.



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