



Havering

LONDON BOROUGH

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 - SECTION 192
(as amended by Section 10 of the Planning and Compensation Act 1991)**

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE)
(ENGLAND) ORDER 2010: ARTICLE 35**

Council Reference: D0010.22

CERTIFICATE OF LAWFULNESS OF PROPOSED USE OR DEVELOPMENT

The Council of the London Borough of Havering hereby certify that on 13th January 2022 the operations described in the First Schedule to this notice in respect of the land specified in the Second Schedule to this certificate and hatched on the plan attached to this certificate would have been lawful within the meaning of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) for the following reason(s):

- 1 The operations come within the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class B of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended), thereby considered to be permitted development.
- 2 The operations come within the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class C of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended), thereby considered to be permitted development.

Informatives

This certificate provides confirmation that the development is lawful. You should also check whether the development requires separate Building Regulation consent. Information is available on the Building Control webpages and the team is available between 9am and 10am Monday to Friday via 01708 432700.

The development is permitted by Class B subject to the following conditions-

- (a) the materials used in any exterior work must be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwellinghouse;
- (b) the enlargement must be constructed so that-
 - (i) other than in the case of a hip-to-gable enlargement or an enlargement which joins the original roof to the roof of a rear or side extension-
 - (aa) the eaves of the original roof are maintained or reinstated; and
 - (bb) the edge of the enlargement closest to the eaves of the original roof is, so far as practicable, not less than 0.2 metres from the eaves, measured along the roof slope from the outside edge of the eaves; and
 - (ii) other than in the case of an enlargement which joins the original roof to the roof of a rear or side extension, no part of the enlargement extends beyond the outside face of any external wall of the

original dwellinghouse; and

(c) any window inserted on a wall or roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse must be-

(i) obscure-glazed, and

(ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed.

Development is permitted by Class C subject to the condition that any window located on a roof slope forming a side elevation of the dwellinghouse shall be-

(a) obscure-glazed; and

(b) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7 metres above the floor of the room in which the window is installed.

First Schedule

Certificate of Lawfulness for loft conversion with rear dormer and three front rooflights.

The above decision is based on the details in drawing(s):

5CR01

5CR02

Site Location Plan - 5 Clayton Road

Second Schedule

5 CLAYTON ROAD ROMFORD

Signed:



Authorised Person

On behalf of the London Borough of Havering

Date: 10th March 2022

Notes:

1. This certificate is issued solely for the purposes of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

2. It certifies that the operations specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land described in the Second Schedule would have been lawful on the specified date and thus would not have been liable to enforcement action under Section 172 of the 1990 Act on that date.

3. This certificate applies only to the extent of the operations described in the First Schedule and to the land specified in the Second Schedule and identified on the attached plan. Any operations which are materially different from those described or which relate(s) to other land may render the owner or occupier liable to enforcement action.

4. The effect of the certificate is also qualified by the proviso in Section 192(4) of the 1990 Act (as amended) which states that the lawfulness of a described use or operation is only conclusively presumed where there has been no material change before the use is instituted or the operation begun in any of the matters relevant to determining such lawfulness.

**NOTES IN CONNECTION WITH REFUSAL OF APPLICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATE
OF LAWFULNESS OR MODIFICATION TO DESCRIPTION**

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or to modify the description, an appeal may be made to the First Secretary of State at the Department for Communities and Local Government in accordance with Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. (Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Planning Inspectorate, Customer Support Unit, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN or from the Planning Inspectorate's web site, www.planning.inspectorate.gov.uk)

(2) When submitting the completed appeal form to the Planning Inspectorate, a copy be sent to Planning, London Borough of Havering, 5th Floor Mercury House, Mercury Gardens, Romford, RM1 3SL. The First Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but will not normally be prepared to exercise these powers unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.